

*Sixth Annual Upper Peninsula  
High School Math Challenge  
Northern Michigan University (Marquette Co, MI)  
Saturday 15 March 2014*

NAME: SOLUTION

TEAM: \_\_\_\_\_

SCHOOL: \_\_\_\_\_

**SUDDEN DEATH**

$$\begin{array}{r} 36 \\ \hline 91 \end{array}$$

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answer

**Put no work on this side of the paper. Write the answer and only the answer in the space above. Put all work on the other side of the sheet.**

Amanda, Bertha, and Caitlyn are playing a dice game.

Amanda rolls 2 standard dice. If she rolls a 7 she wins; otherwise, she passes the dice to Bertha.

If Bertha rolls a 7, she wins; otherwise, she passes the dice to Caitlyn.

If Caitlyn rolls a 7, she wins; otherwise, she passes the dice back to Amanda, and so forth.

This game continues until someone rolls a 7. That person is declared the winner.

What is the probability that Amanda will win? Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$7 \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} 1 \& 6 \\ 2 \& 5 \\ 3 \& 4 \\ 4 \& 3 \\ 5 \& 2 \\ 6 \& 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 6 \text{ ways out of } 36, \\ \text{probability of } \frac{1}{6} \end{array}$$

Amanda wins if

A

7

$\frac{1}{6}$

A B C A

~~A~~ not 7 not 7 not 7 7

$(\frac{5}{6})^3 (\frac{1}{6})$

A B C A B C A

not 7 not 7 not 7 not 7 not 7 not 7 7

$(\frac{5}{6})^6 (\frac{1}{6})$

AND SO ON.

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^3 + \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^6 + \dots$$

Sum of infinite geometric series is

$$\frac{a}{1-r}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6}}{1 - \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^3} = \frac{\frac{1}{6}}{\frac{216 - 125}{216}} = \frac{\frac{1}{6}}{\frac{91}{216}} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{216}{91} = \frac{36}{91}$$